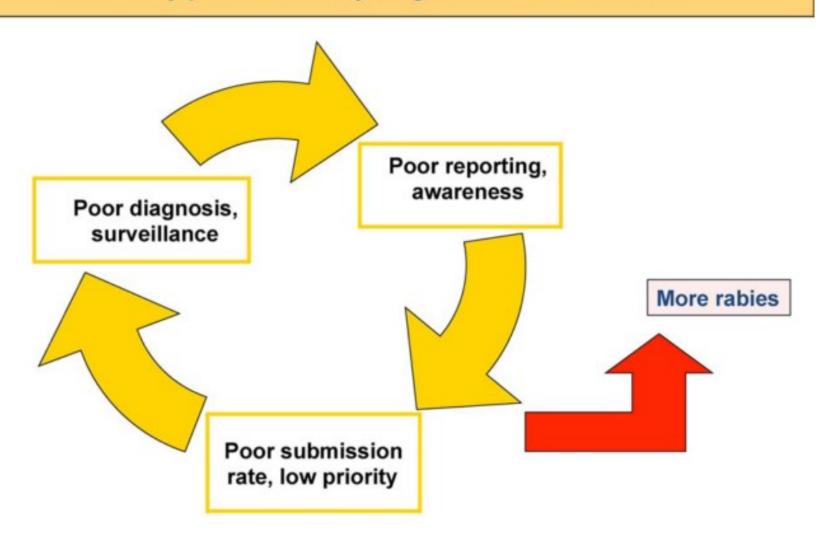


Importance of Data

Global Alliance for Rabies Control
GARC-WAP workshop
Franschhoek, South Africa

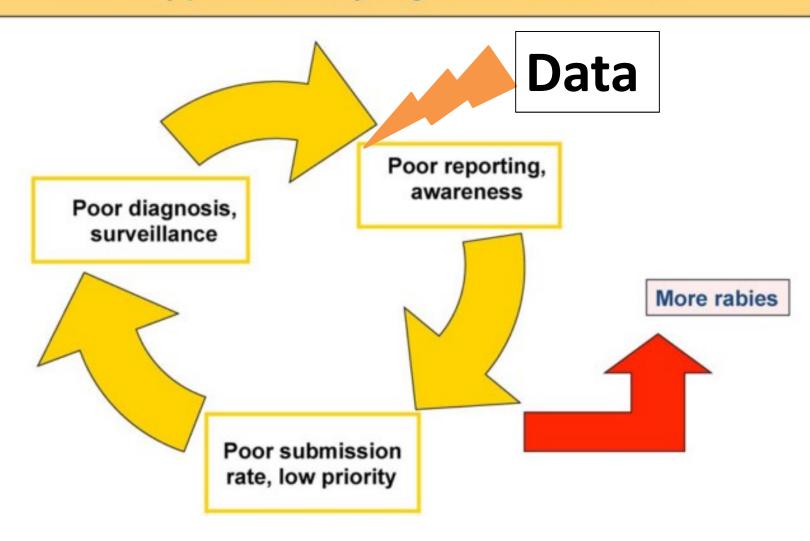
Disease Prioritization

Rabies circle of neglect: Fuelled by poor laboratory diagnosis and surveillance



Disrupting the cycle

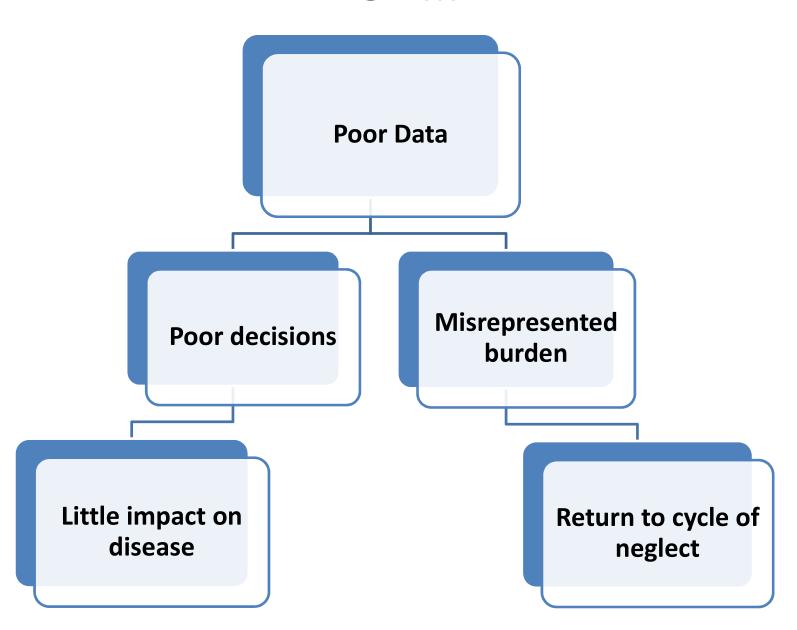
Rabies circle of neglect: Fuelled by poor laboratory diagnosis and surveillance



How data breaks the cycle



BUT...



Good data vs Poor data

Good data

- ✓ Accurate
- ✓ Timely
- ✓ Can be analysed further
- ✓ Meaningful

Poor data

- X Partially complete
- X Late
- X Irrelevant to specific aim
- X Never analysed/processed

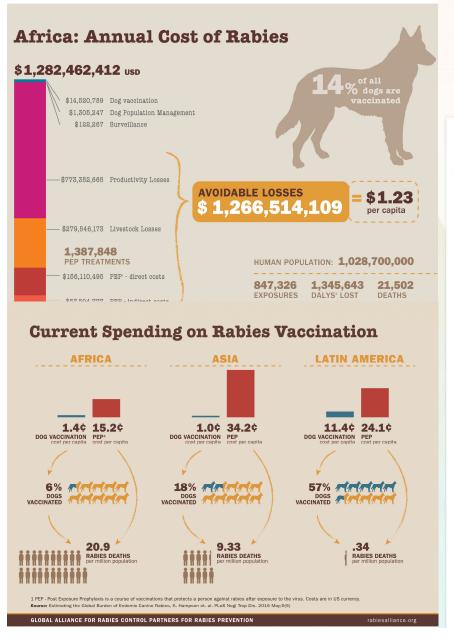
Obtaining data... is not always easy!



What can be done with good data?

- Determine the true burden of the disease
- Influence decisions to improve control efforts
- A platform for advocacy
 - Prioritisation
 - Funding
 - Support
 - Recognition
- Evaluate progress towards elimination

Making a statement



WHY WE NEED TO END RABIES NOW

Canine rabies is one of the world's oldest diseases, eliminated in countries like the US and the UK, but still a daily threat to millions around the world.

Every 09 minutes, a person dies from RABIES.



Domestic dogs cause over

99%
of human rabies deaths.

Nearly

of the world is at risk of contracting canine rabies.

of human rabies deaths occur in Africa and Asia.

Canine rabies kills more than

people every year.



100% of human cases are preventable.



70%
of dogs in at-risk areas can eliminate canine



Mass canine vaccination programmes reduced rabies by

rabies.

in Latin America.

2.9 million

lives are saved annually due to preventative measures.